The HyFlex course design is built upon four fundamental values: Learner Choice, Equivalency, Reusability, and Accessibility, each with a corresponding guiding principle for designers and instructors to follow. These four "pillars" provide a consistent and solid foundation for resulting courses and programs. As you draft your design concept and start building your course plan, keep these principles in mind.

- 1. **Learner Choice:** *Provide meaningful alternative participation modes and enable students to choose between participation modes weekly (or topically).*
- 2. Equivalency: Provide equivalent learning activities in all participation modes.
- 3. **Reusability:** *Utilize artifacts from learning activities in each participation mode as "learning objects' for all students.*
- 4. Accessibility: Equip students with technology skills and access to all participation modes.

As you design your course, you'll find that the content and activities you plan for each mode often overlap, allowing you to reuse learning resources, activities, and assessments for all students when possible and practical. In some cases, perhaps most, the specific activities are not the same activities for students in all participation modes, but activities in each mode must lead to equivalent learning outcomes.

No matter which participation format is chosen, teaching and learning activities should ideally:

- Present content effectively and professionally
- Engage learners with generative learning activities
- Use authentic assessment to evaluate student learning

The worksheets provide a framework for thinking about and writing down specific ideas, concerns and plans to guide your design and development efforts.

- 1. Assess the opportunities (value) and challenges (costs). Compare the expected value with the anticipated costs. Is this approach worth it?
- 2. **Confirm or modify expected student learning outcomes.** Are your current learning outcomes (or learning objectives at a more detailed level) able to be achieved in all participation modes? What might have to be changed?
- 3. **Plan student learning activities** (focus on content). Do you have sufficient instructional content for all learning modes? How can it be used across learning modes?
- 4. **Plan to assess student learning outcomes**. Will your assessment strategy (and format) work well for all learning modes? What differences do you expect? Can the potential impact of these differences be mitigated?
- 5. **Develop student engagement strategies.** Consider how to connect students across participation modes; consider faculty and student workflow changes that may be required.
- 6. **Plan for implementation.** Consider technical, student, faculty, and administrative factors.
- 7. Evaluate the return on expectations. If you have the opportunity, plan for the evaluation of your approach how will you decide whether or not your strategic objectives are being met?

1. Assess the Challenges (Costs) and Opportunities (Value)

Opportunities: Adding Value		Solving Problems	
List the opportunity-related goals:	Explain how flexible delivery design would allow you to meet	List the problem-solving goals:	Explain how flexible delivery design would help meet this goal.
	this goal.		design would help meet this goul.
Challenges: Additional Costs			
Faculty	Students	Technology/Resources	Administrative
List the potential or actual costs	List the potential or actual costs	List the potential or actual costs	List the potential or actual
to the faculty:	to the students:	associated with resources:	administrative challenges:
Comments:			
			Daga of

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2. Student Learning Outcome Analysis

Program | Course | Session

Student Learning Outcomes	Valid	lation/	Modification/Clarification for Online Participation
List the current course- or session-level student learning outcomes (or create new ones) for face to face participation. Note: Learning outcomes (what is learned) are different than process outcomes (how something is learned).	. rather than face to face. You may need to consider sync and o		hether these outcomes can be met by students participating online face to face. You may need to consider sync and async online.
	YES	NO	Modifications/Clarifications needed for online (sync/async):
	YES	NO	Modifications/Clarifications needed for online (sync/async):
	YES	NO	Modifications/Clarifications needed for online (sync/async):
		1	
	YES	NO	Modifications/Clarifications needed for online (sync/async):
	YES	NO	Modifications/Clarifications needed for online (sync/async):
Commonte			
Comments:			
Page of			

EXAMPLE Student Learning Outcome Analysis

(mixed levels)

Student Learning Outcomes	Valida	ation/	Modification/Clarification for Online Participation
List the current course- or session-level student learning	Consi	der wh	nether these outcomes can be met by students participating
outcomes (or create new ones) for face to face participation.	online rather than face to face. You may need to consider sync and as		
Note: Learning outcomes (what is learned) are different than	online	e. Clari	fications often focus on methods of demonstrating the
process outcomes (how something is learned).	achievement of outcomes.		
Apply knowledge of the writing process to a peer editing		NO	Modifications/Clarifications needed for online (sync/async):
session in which they provide at multiple peers with valid feedback. (lesson level)		•	hronous students need more time to participate in peer review, using a rum or "writing workshop" tool. Synchronous students may be able to
	•	•	the classroom peer-review activity with appropriate video, audio, and g. May consider shifting this activity to fully online for all students.
Use tables, graphs, charts and diagrams to explain		NO	Modifications/Clarifications needed for online (sync/async):
concepts of supply and demand for a given market or product. (lesson level)	onnie usynemonous students need digital methous to demonstrate i		hronous students need digital methods to demonstrate their knowledge evel outcome. Online synchronous students may be able to participate in n activity with appropriate video, audio, and screen sharing.
Students will be able to defend the actions of a civil rights		NO	Modifications/Clarifications needed for online (sync/async):
leader in a formal class debate. (lesson level)	perha studer	ps assu nts may	hronous students need more time to participate in debate in a forum; ming an analysis role instead of an active participant. Synchronous be able to participate in the classroom activity with appropriate video, preen sharing.
Analyze the homeostatic mechanisms maintaining the	YES	NO	Modifications/Clarifications needed for online (sync/async):
human body. (course or lesson level)	for a l	esson le	hronous students need digital methods to demonstrate their knowledge evel outcome. Online synchronous students may be able to participate in n activity with appropriate video, audio, and screen sharing.
Demonstrate the ability to apply basic research methods		NO	Modifications/Clarifications needed for online (sync/async):
in psychology, including research design, data analysis,			ions required, though demonstration of achievement must be

3. Instructional Content Analysis

Program | Course | Session

	List required materials for in-class participation.	Describe differences in materials needed to support online learning (if any).	List action steps needed to acquire materials.
an Antivitu			Action Needed
ibe the content	List required materials for in-class participation.	Describe differences in materials needed to support online learning (if any).	List action steps needed to acquire materials.
i .	be the content ed to support	be the content List required materials ed to support for in-class participation.	be the content List required materials Describe differences in for in-class participation. The support online learning (if

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EXAMPLE Instructional Content Analysis

Session-level Analysis

In-class Activity	In-class Resources	Online Resources	Action Needed
Describe the content required to support learning.	List required materials for in-class participation.	Describe differences in materials needed to support online learning (if any).	List action steps needed to acquire materials.
Instructions on how to conduct a usability test	Test environment (table, chairs, technology) Data gathering tools	Digital versions of assigned course materials (normally this is not a change) Remote testing platform (this is a substantial change)	Prepare course materials to include learning about and preparing for remote testing environments as well as face to face environments. Provide student access to remote testing platform.
Usability Test Plan (assigned course materials)	Usability Test Plan (document)	No difference as long as test plan and associated documents (informed consent, data gathering) is digital document	Digitize all testing documents; provide for digital signatures on required forms (consent)
In-class Activity	In-class Resources	Online Resources	Action Needed
Describe the content required to support learning.	List required materials for in-class participation.	Describe differences in materials needed to support online learning (if any).	List action steps needed to acquire materials.
Explanation of electrolysis (text) Lab-based demonstration Student group lab	Electrolysis explanation (text, visual demonstration) Lab instructions (text) Electrolysis lab equipment and materials	Explanations and instructions must be digitized. Video demonstrations required. Electrolysis Lab simulation required. (example: <u>https://chemdemos.uoregon.edu/demos/El</u> <u>ectrolysis-Computer-Simulation-New-</u> <u>HTML5-Version#</u>) ("at-home" version may be available: <u>https://melscience.com/US-</u> <u>en/articles/electrolysis-experiment/</u>)	Identify and provide access to remote experiment simulation. and/or Identify and provide access to "at-home" experiment materials and instruction.
Description of the use of electrolysis in	Text explanation Video explanation and	No difference – digital versions in LMS	Identify text and video; ensure accessibility and permission to
	<pre>content required to support learning. Instructions on how to conduct a usability test Usability Test Plan (assigned course materials) In-class Activity Describe the content required to support learning. Explanation of electrolysis (text) Lab-based demonstration Student group lab</pre>	content required to support learning.materials for in-class participation.Instructions on how to conduct a usability testTest environment (table, chairs, technology) Data gathering toolsUsability Test Plan (assigned course materials)Usability Test Plan (document)In-class ActivityIn-class ResourcesDescribe the content required to support learning.List required materials for in-class participation.Explanation of electrolysis (text) Lab-based demonstration Student group labElectrolysis lab equipment and materials	content required to support learning.materials for in-class participation.needed to support online learning (if any).Instructions on how to conduct a usability testTest environment (table, chairs, technology) Data gathering toolsDigital versions of assigned course materials (normally this is not a change) Remote testing platform (this is a substantial change)Usability Test Plan (assigned course materials)Usability Test Plan (document)No difference as long as test plan and associated documents (informed consent, data gathering) is digital documentIn-class ActivityIn-class ResourcesOnline ResourcesDescribe the content required to support learning.List required materials for in-class participation.Describe differences in materials needed to support online learning (if any).Explanation of electrolysis (text) Lab-based demonstration Student group labElectrolysis explanation (text, visual demonstration) Electrolysis lab equipment and materialsExplanations and instructions must be digitized. Video demonstration required. (example: https://chemdemos.uoregon.edu/demos/El ectrolysis-Computer-Simulation-New- HTML5-Versionff) ("at-home" version may be available: https://melscience.com/US- en/articles/electrolysis-experiment/)

4. Assessment Approach Analysis

Program | Course | Session

Learning Outcome 1	In-class (F2F) Assessment	Online Assessment
State the learning outcome that will be assessed. Note: Not all learning outcomes may be directly assessed, but all major ones should be. Learning outcomes (what is	Describe the assessment plan for in-class students.	Describe the assessment plan for online students. You may need to plan alternative assessments for both synchronous and asynchronous students.
learned) are different than process outcomes (how something is learned).		
Learning Outcome 2	In-class (F2F) Assessment	Online Assessment
State the learning outcome.	Describe the assessment plan for in-class students.	Describe the assessment plan for online students. You may need to plan alternative assessments for both synchronous and asynchronous students.
Comments:		
comments.		

EXAMPLE Assessment Approach Analysis



Learning Outcome 1	In-class (F2F) Assessment	Online Assessment
State the learning outcome	Describe the assessment plan for in-class students.	Describe the assessment plan for online students. You
that will be assessed.		may need to plan alternative assessments for both
Note: Not all learning outcomes may be		synchronous and asynchronous students.
lirectly assessed, but all major ones	Participation in multiple live class discussions; informal	Synchronous: Participation in multiple live class
hould be. Learning outcomes (what is earned) are different than process	(formative) evaluation	discussions; informal (formative) evaluation
outcomes (how something is learned).		Asynchronous: Participation in multiple discussion
		forums; informal (formative) evaluation
Critique the domestic and	Multiple short topical writing assignments (assigned	Same assessment for all students: Multiple short topico
oreign policy of the United	homework; formal, low-stakes evaluation; submitted	writing assignments (assigned homework; formal, low-
States since the mid 19th	online)	stakes evaluation; submitted online)
century.	Comprehensive essay synthesizing domestic and	Same assessment for all students: Comprehensive essa
	foreign policy since the mid-19 th century. (formal high-	synthesizing domestic and foreign policy since the mid-
	stakes evaluation; submitted online)	19 th century. (formal, high-stakes, submitted online)
earning Outcome 2	In-class (F2F) Assessment	Online Assessment
State the learning outcome.	Describe the assessment plan for in-class students.	Describe the assessment plan for online students.
		You may need to plan alternative assessments for
		both synchronous and asynchronous students.
	Complete in-class practice activities; immediate	Synchronous students: Complete in-class practice
Jse basic techniques of	faculty and peer feedback; participation grade	activities remotely; immediate faculty and peer
ntegration to find particular or		feedback; participation grade. Async NONE? Forum?
general antiderivatives.	Solve a variety of integration problems outside of class	Same for all online students. Support for submitting
	environment (assigned homework); use of textbook	practice problem solutions digitally. (Consider integrate
	and other expert resources as needed	ebook/homework package for all students.)
	Solve integration problems individually in a timed,	Online test; may be timed; may be proctored (with
	classroom test environment. (assessment of solution	additional cost). Consider online test environment for a
	process and result)	students.
Comments:		

5. Student Engagement Plan

Program | Course | Session

Engagement Strategy	In-class	Online Synchronous	Online Asynchronous
Workflow adjustment:			
What workflow adjustme		udents to engage meaningful as planne	d? What are the major challenges to
successful engagement fo	or faculty and students?		

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EXAMPLE Student Engagement Plan

Page ____ of ____

Engagement Strategy	In-class	Online Synchronous	Online Asynchronous
Content-focused Whole Class Discussion	Interactive presentation with discussion	Zoom session – shared screen – chat and audio used to engage online students. Needs facilitation (in-class student assistance?)	Participation in associated discussion forum. Recorded session from class assigned for review; summary of in-class discussion posted to forum.
Small group discussion/practice activities	Small group discussion with associated activity assignment	Zoom session – either integrate sync students with in-class groups (requires in-call students to also be in Zoom session) or create all-sync students in Zoom breakouts. Digital activity guides; forum for submitting completed assignments with discussion summary.	Students work in assigned groups or individually to complete assigned activity. Activity resources in LMS. Completed assignment posted in discussion forum with peer feedback.
Group project work (It may be easier to manage this type of engagement outside of scheduled class time – essentially treating all students as asynchronous.)	Groups may meet if class time reserved. Alternative: all group meetings occur outside of class time – managed by student groups. Class time may be used for general updates and discussion.	If class time reserved for group meetings, synchronous students meet with their present group members – (in-class members would need to be in Zoom session too). Group members not present would have to receive updates and engage with peers outside of scheduled class time.	If a student group is all asynchronous, then they would meet and complete project tasks and requirements managed by themselves. If group members are in mixed mode, asynchronous students would need to receive updates and engage with "synchronous" peers outside of scheduled class time.
Weekly Student Reflection No interaction required, but all students see all posts.	Use LMS discussion forum to post weekly reflections. Some class time might be reserved for this. (faculty summary comments)	Use LMS discussion forum to post weekly reflections. Some class time might be reserved for this.	Use LMS discussion forum to post weekly reflections.

Workflow adjustment:

What workflow adjustments may be needed by faculty and students to engage meaningful as planned? What are the major challenges to successful engagement for faculty and students?

Faculty need experience in using synchronous and asynchronous tools for discussion. Expect approximately 30 mins, three times a week facilitation. If asynchronous discussions are assigned to all students, those participating in the classroom will have to reserve some time outside of class for interaction in the discussions. Some students may need guidance in managing this task. Expect a minimum of one hour per discussion per week.

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6. Implementation Planning

Program | Course | Session

Technical Factor	Classroom Solution	Online Synchronous Solution	Online Asynchronous Solution
Which factors should be considered to help ensure success in each mode?	What solution is needed for the classroom?	What solution is needed for the synchronous environment?	What solution is needed for the asynchronous environment?
Challenges: New Resources Neede	d for Implementation		
Faculty	Students	Technology	Administrative
<i>List the new resources needed to support faculty:</i>	List the new resources needed to support students:	List the new resources needed to support technology-mediated delivery:	<i>List the new or revised resources needed to support the administrative aspects of HyFlex:</i>
Comments:			

EXAMPLE Implementation Planning

Technical Factor	Classroom Solution	Online Synchronous Solution	Online Asynchronous Solution
Which factors should be considered to help ensure success in each mode?	What solution is needed for the classroom?	What solution is needed for the synchronous environment?	What solution is needed for the asynchronous environment?
AV in classroom to capture audio	Instructor and student group mics – mixed into workstation for Zoom audio channel.	Students need audio and video capability on device; headset preferred	Students need device to watch video (with audio)
AV in classroom to capture room video	External camera to capture room view: external wall mount available?	Students should use device or external camera. Encourage (require?) use of video.	None
[fill in the name] software for engagement or interaction (explain)	Instructor has access to software (cloud? License?) and knows how to use it.	Students have access to software and know how to use it.	Students have access to software and know how to use it.
Challenges: New Resources Neede	d for Implementation		
Faculty	Students	Technology	Administrative
List the new resources needed to	List the new resources needed to	List the new resources needed to	List the new or revised resources
support faculty:	support students:	support technology-mediated delivery:	needed to support the administrative aspects of HyFlex:
AV systems to support capturing audio and video – need training on how to use effectively; basic troubleshooting	Information about what to expect in various HyFlex modes. (website? FAQ? Open forum?)	Simple (one-button?) and scalable solutions for AV capture. How many rooms can be equipped?	Resources (\$\$\$, staff, time) needed to install and support AV. Training plan for faculty. (student guides?)
Support for learning and sharing best practices. (format?)	If seating in rooms limited; reservation system	Seat reservation system (could be simple)	Policy and training regarding seating capacity and managing limited seats
Ready-made LMS templates for several common types of online class sessions (modules)	Guidance for choosing when to participate online or in classroom (when a choice is available)	Engagement/interaction software or systems that faculty request	Process for reviewing new software/system requests (security, privacy, accessibility, cost, support)

Comments:

General note – the more a course design changes to provide effective learning online, the more additional support may be needed. Some classes need little if any additional implementation support; some may need substantial support. Design process should be completed within the context of existing support resources, but those resources may need to change to support new design needs (design and support influence each other).

7. Assess Return on Expectations (consider both short- and long-term)

Expected Return (Value Expectation)	Measurement (Data)	Planned Analysis	Evaluation (Value Returned?)
comments:			
ompare the anticipated value	return to the additional costs (actu	al) - what adjustments are needed?	